

Evaluating Definite Integrals by Substitution
Section 5.9

Class Work

Use the given substitution to replace the given integral with an integral involving the variable u . (Do not evaluate the integral.)

1. $\int_0^2 \frac{x}{\sqrt{5-x^2}} dx, u = 5-x^2$

$$\int_1^5 \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} du \quad \boxed{\int_5^1 \frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2} du}$$

2. $\int_0^1 \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx, u = \sqrt{x}$

$$\int_0^1 2e^u du$$

3. $\int_1^3 (2x-1)^3 dx, u = 2x-1$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_1^5 u^3 du$$

4. $\int_2^4 x\sqrt{25-x^2} dx, u = 25-x^2$

$$\frac{3}{2} \int_{25}^9 \sqrt{u} du = \frac{3}{2} \int_{25}^9 \sqrt{u} du$$

5. $\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos(\pi\theta) d\theta, u = \pi\theta$

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos u du$$

6. $\int_0^1 (x+2)(x+1)^5 dx, u = x+1$

$$\int_1^2 (u+1)u^5 du = \int_1^2 (u^6 + u^5) du$$

Evaluate the integral by making an appropriate substitution.

7. $\int_{-\pi}^0 \sin(3x - \pi) dx$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

8. $\int_2^3 \frac{x}{x^2-2} dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} (\ln 7 - \ln 2)}$$

9. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt[3]{\sin x \cos x} dx$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$